

Material Safety Data Sheet

Product Name: AlcoSCRUB[®] Foam

Revision Date: 03/27/08
Version: 1

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name:
AlcoSCRUB Foam

Catalog Numbers:
43002-24-001, 43032-08-001, 12-544-104, 12-544-105

Synonyms:
None Known.

Company Identification:
Thermo Scientific
20 Post Road
Portsmouth, NH 03801

Company Phone Number:
CHEMTREC
1-888-374-3724

Emergency Phone Number /
1-800-424-9300

CHEMTREC Phone Number, Europe:
(202) 483-7616

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name: Ethyl alcohol CAS# 64-17-5 EINECS / ELINCS: 200-578-6 Percent 62.0%

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Appearance: Clear liquid

Warning! Causes severe eye irritation. Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes respiratory tract irritation. This substance has caused adverse reproductive and fetal effects in humans. May cause central nervous system depression. May cause liver, kidney and heart damage. Causes moderate skin irritation.

Flash Point: 73°F (22.78°C)

Target Organs: Kidneys, Heart, Central nervous system, Liver

Potential Health Effects

Eye:

Causes severe eye irritation. May cause painful sensitization to light. May cause chemical conjunctivitis and corneal damage.

Skin:

Causes moderate skin irritation. May cause cyanosis of the extremities.

Ingestion:

May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause systemic toxicity with acidosis. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure.

Inhalation:

Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. Causes respiratory tract irritation. May cause narcotic effects in high concentration. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.

Chronic:

May cause reproductive and fetal effects. Laboratory experiments have resulted in mutagenic effects. Animal studies have reported the development of tumors. Prolonged exposure may cause liver, kidney, and heart damage.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

Eyes:

Get medical aid. Gently lift eyelids and flush continuously with water.

Skin:

Get medical aid. Wash clothing before reuse. Flush skin with plenty of soap and water.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid.

Inhalation:

Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to Physician:

Treat symptomatically and supportively. Persons with skin or eye disorders or liver, kidney, chronic respiratory diseases, or central and peripheral nervous system diseases may be at increased risk from exposure to this substance.

Antidote:

Replace fluid and electrolytes.

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

General Information:

Replace fluid and electrolytes. As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Will burn if involved in a fire. Flammable Liquid. Can release vapors that form explosive mixtures at temperatures above the flashpoint. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode in the heat of a fire.

Extinguishing Media:

For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. For large fires, use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water may be ineffective. Do NOT use straight streams of water.

Autoignition Temperature:

Not available

Explosion Limits:

Lower: 3.3 Upper: 19

Flash Point:

73°F (22.78°C)

NFPA Rating:

(estimated) Health: 2; Flammability: 3; Instability: 0

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information:

Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks:

Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. Provide ventilation. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling:

Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

Storage:

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from substances. Flammables-area. Do not store near perchlorates, peroxides, chromic acid or nitric acid.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name: Ethyl Alcohol:

ACGIH: 1000 ppm

NIOSH: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m³ TWA; 3300 ppm IDLH

OSHA: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg / m³ TWA;

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OSHA Vacated PELs

Ethyl alcohol: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m³ TWA

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes:

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin:

Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing:

Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators:

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Foaming Liquid

Color: Clear

Odor: Alcohol-like

Odor threshold value: 180 ppm (detectable); 100 ppm (recognizable)

pH: No information found

Vapor Pressure: 40 mm Hg

Vapor Density: >1.0

Evaporation Rate: >1.0

Viscosity: No information found

Boiling Point: 80°C

Freezing/Melting Point: No information found

Decomposition Temperature: No information found

Solubility in water: Soluble.

Specific Gravity/Density: 0.886

Molecular Formula: Solution

Molecular Weight: No information found

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability:

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid:

Incompatible materials, ignition sources, excess heat, oxidizers

Incompatibilities with Other Materials

Strong oxidizing agents, acids, alkali metals, ammonia, hydrazine, peroxides, sodium, acid anhydrides, calcium hypochlorite, chromyl chloride, nitrosyl perchlorate, bromine pentafluoride, perchloric acid, silver nitrate, mercuric nitrate, potassium tert-butoxide, magnesium perchlorate, acid chlorides, platinum, uranium hexafluoride, silver oxide, iodine heptafluoride, acetyl bromide, disulfuryl difluoride, tetrachlorosilane + water, acetyl chloride, permanganic acid, ruthenium (VIII) oxide, uranyl perchlorate, potassium dioxide

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide

Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS:

CAS# 64-17-5: KQ6300000

LD50/LC50:

CAS# 64-17-5:

Draize test, rabbit, eye: 500 mg Severe

Draize test, rabbit, eye: 500 mg/24H Mild

Draize test, rabbit, skin: 20 mg/24H Moderate

Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 39 gm/m³/4H

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 20000 ppm/10H

Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3450 mg/kg

Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 6300 mg/kg

Oral, rat: LD50 = 7060 mg/kg

Oral, rat: LD50 = 9000 mg/kg.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 64-17-5: Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology:

Ethanol has been shown to produce fetotoxicity in the embryo or fetus of laboratory animals.

Prenatal exposure to ethanol is associated with a distinct pattern of congenital malformations that have collectively been termed the "fetal alcohol syndrome".

Teratogenicity:

Oral, Human - woman: TDLo = 41 gm/kg (female 41 week(s) after conception) Effects on Newborn – Apgar score (human only) and Effects on Newborn - other neonatal measures or effects and Effects on Newborn - drug dependence.

Reproductive:

Intrauterine, Human - woman: TDLo = 200 mg/kg (female 5 day(s) pre-mating) Fertility - female fertility index (e.g. # females pregnant per # sperm positive females; # females pregnant per # females mated).

Mutagenicity:

DNA Inhibition: Human, Lymphocyte = 220 mmol/L.; Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Lymphocyte = 1160 gm/L.; Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Fibroblast = 12000 ppm.; Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Leukocyte = 1 pph/72H (Continuous).; Sister Chromatid Exchange: Human, Lymphocyte = 500 ppm/72H (Continuous).

Neurotoxicity:

No information found

Other:

Standard Draize Test(Skin, rabbit) = 20 mg/24H (Moderate) Standard Draize Test: Administration into the eye (rabbit) = 500 mg (Severe).

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Fish: Rainbow trout: LC50 = 12900-15300 mg/L; 96 Hr; Flow-through @ 24-24.3°C

Fish: Rainbow trout: LC50 = 11200 mg/L; 24 Hr; Fingerling (Unspecified)

Bacteria: *Phytobacterium phosphoreum*: EC50 = 34900 mg/L; 5-30 min; Microtox test
When spilled on land it is apt to volatilize, biodegrade, and leach into the ground water, but no data on the rates of these processes could be found. Its fate in ground water is unknown. When released into water it will volatilize and probably biodegrade. It would not be expected to adsorb to sediment or bioconcentrate in fish.

Environmental:

When released to the atmosphere it will photodegrade in hours (polluted urban atmosphere) to an estimated range of 4 to 6 days in less polluted areas. Rainout should be significant.

Physical:

No information found

Other:

No information found

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P Series Wastes

None of the components are on this list.

RCRA U Series Wastes

None of the components are on this list.

Section 14 - Transport Information

US DOT Canadian TDG

Proper Shipping

Name: Please contact **Thermo Scientific** for detailed shipping information. **Consumer Commodity.**

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US Federal

TSCA

CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

Health and Safety Reporting List

None of the components are on this list.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the components are on this list.

TSCA Section 12b

None of the components are on this list.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule (SNUR)

None of the components are on this list.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

None of the components are on this list.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the components are on this list.

SARA Hazard Categories

CAS# 64-17-5: immediate, delayed, fire.

SARA Section 313

None of the components are on this list.

Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

None of the components are on this list.

Clean Air Act - Class 1 Ozone Depletors

None of the components are on this list.

Clean Air Act - Class 2 Ozone Depletors

None of the components are on this list.

Clean Water Act - Hazardous Substances

None of the components are on this list.

Clean Water Act - Priority Pollutants

None of the components are on this list.

Clean Water Act - Toxic Pollutants

None of the components are on this list.

OSHA - Highly Hazardous

None of the components are on this list.

OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals

None of the components are on this list.

US State

State Right to Know

Ethyl alcohol can be found on the following state Right-to-Know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

California Prop 65

None of the components are on this list.

California No Significant Risk Level

None of the components are on this list.

European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives:

Hazard Symbols: None listed

Risk Phrases: R 10 Flammable.

Safety Phrases: S 7 Keep container tightly closed.

S 9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

S 16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S 33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

No information found

United Kingdom Occupational Exposure Limits

No information found

United Kingdom Maximum Exposure Limits

No information found

Canadian DSL/NDSL

CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canadian WHMIS Classifications

This product has a WHMIS classification of B3, D2A.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List.

Section 16 - Other Information

MSDS Creation Date: July 14, 2005

Revision Date: March 27, 2008

Disclaimer: This MSDS is intended for review and guidance in the receipt, storage, handling, use and disposal of product purchased from Thermo Scientific and for no other purpose. Use this product only as directed and in accordance with applicable instructions and warnings provided with the product. Please consult your institution's policies regarding use of this product. If you have obtained this MSDS other than in connection with the supply of this product from us, this MSDS should be consulted for general information only, and should not be relied upon for any purpose. As with the use of all hazardous materials, you should in all instances follow the guidance of the MSDS provided or available with the specific product purchased.

END OF MSDS

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