

Material Safety Data Sheet

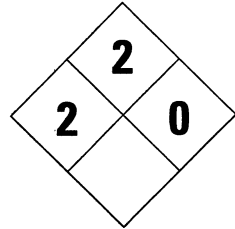
General Information

Carbol-Fuchsin Solution - Ziehl-Neelsen

Date Issued: 7-1-96
Replaces: N/A
Manufacturer: Richard-Allan Scientific
 225 Parsons Street
 Kalamazoo, MI 49007
 800 522 7270
CHEMTREC: 800 424 9300 For transportation emergencies
Chemical Family: Dye and Phenol

Carbol-Fuchsin Solution - Ziehl-Neelsen

Hazard Symbology



Health Hazard	Fire Hazard	Reactivity	Specific Hazard
4 Deadly	Flash Points	4 May detonate	ACID - Acid
3 Extreme danger	4 Below 73° F	3 Shock & heat may detonate	COR - Corrosive
2 Hazardous	3 Below 100° F	2 Violent chemical change	OXY - Oxidizer
1 Slightly hazardous	2 Above 100° F, not exceeding 200° F	1 Unstable if heated	P - Polymerization
0 Normal material	1 Above 200° F	0 Stable	☼ - Radioactive
	0 Will not burn		W - Use No Water

Ingredients

Ingredients	CAS No.	PEL 8 hr. TWA	STEL	Agency
Basic Fuchsin, Certified	569-61-9	_____	_____	_____
Phenol	108-95-2	5 ppm	_____	OSHA, ACGIH
Denatured Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	1000 ppm	_____	OSHA, ACGIH

Phenol is subject to SARA Section 302 and 313 Reporting Requirements.

RQ = 1000 lb
 TPQ = 500 lbs (gas)

Physical Data

Appearance and Odor: Red Liquid
Boiling Point: >100° C
Evaporation Rate: 1.13 (Butyl Acetate = 1)
Percent Volatile by Volume: 90%
Solubility in Water: Complete
Specific Gravity: 0.985 @ 21° C (Water = 1)
Vapor Density: 1.3 (Air = 1)
Vapor Pressure: 30 mm Hg

Richard-Allan Scientific believes the information herein to be correct and factual as of the issue date hereof. This information is furnished on the condition that the person receiving it shall make the determination as to the suitability of the material for his/her particular purpose and on the condition that he/she assume the risk of the use thereof.

6-10-96
 Issue date

Theresa M. Schuster
 Signed

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Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flammability Class (OSHA): IIIA
Flash Point (TCC): 150° F
Flammable Limits in Air; % by Volume:
LOWER 3.3 (Ethanol)
UPPER 19.0 (estimate, Ethanol)

Extinguishing Media: Water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder or foam. Water runoff, however, should be contained for treatment.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazards: Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation and ignited by a flame source distant from material handling point. Can emit toxic fumes under fire conditions.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece operated in the positive pressure mode when fighting fires.

Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable.

Incompatibility: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition: Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: None.

Health Hazard Data

Skin Effects: Prolonged or repeated contact can cause irritation, defatting, or dermatitis. Possible carcinogen and mutagen. Phenol is considered poisonous.

Eye Effects: Can cause severe irritation, redness, tearing, and blurred vision.

Systemic Effects:

Ingestion: Can cause irritation to the digestive tract, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, blindness, death.

Inhalation: Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, central nervous system effects including dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness, and even death.

Chronic Effects of Exposure: Overexposure to this material, or its components, have been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans: Liver abnormalities, eye damage, and kidney damage. Possible carcinogen.

Protective Equipment

Ventilation: General mechanical ventilation or fume hood.

Personal Protective Equipment: Chemical resistant gloves; chemical safety goggles; and NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators are advised in the absence of proper environmental controls.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing (including shoes) immediately. Wash the affected area of the body with soap or mild detergent and large amounts of water until no evidence of the chemical remains – at least 15 to 20 minutes. Call a physician.

Eye Contact: In case of eye contact, immediately flush eye with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting upper and lower lids. Call a physician. If one should have appreciable eye irritation from an excessive exposure, one should be referred to an ophthalmologist for evaluation.

Inhalation: If affected by vapors, move patient to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion: If swallowed, immediately wash out mouth with water if person is conscious. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Spill, Leak and Disposal Procedures

Emergencies: If a spill of appreciable quantity occurs, leave the area quickly unless you have specific emergency duties. Do not touch spilled material. Designated person may stop the leak and shut off ignition sources if these procedures can be done without risk. Designated persons should isolate the hazard area and deny entry except for necessary people protected by suitable protective clothing and respirators adequate for the exposure. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Do not smoke, and prohibit all flames or flares in the hazard area.

Occupational Spill: For small containers, place the leaking container in a well ventilated area. Take up small spills with absorbent material and transfer to hood. Place the waste into properly labeled containers for later disposal. For larger spills, dike the spill to minimize contamination and facilitate salvage or disposal. Remaining liquid may be taken up on sand, clay, earth, floor absorbent, or other absorbent material and shoveled into containers. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams, or other bodies of water. Your employer must comply with EPA rules regarding the clean-up of toxic waste and notify state and local authorities, if required.

Waste Disposal: Your employer must dispose of waste in accordance with applicable local, state and federal laws (each has unique requirements) and in a manner that minimizes exposure of employees at the site and of the clean-up crew.

Shipping Information

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed. Keep away from heat and open flame. Store at room temperature: 15 - 30° C (59 - 86° F).

Transportation: DOT shipping name is 'Combustible Liquid, N.O.S.'. DOT hazard class is 'Combustible Liquid'.

Shipping Containers: Bottles.